Attorney Docket No.: ONX-105 Reply to Final Office Action of Apr. 15, 2004

Appl. No. 09/751,660 Amdt. Dated Jun. 8, 2004

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Kindly amend claims 37 and 45 as shown in the listing of claims below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

LISITING OF CLAIMS

Claim 1. (previously presented) A two-dimensional scanner comprising: 1 a) a base; 2 b) an outer frame rotatably attached to the base for rotation about a first axis substantially 3 parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base; 4 c) an inner part rotatably attached to the outer frame for rotation about a second axis 5 substantially parallel to a plane containing the inner part and/or the outer frame; 6 d) a first set of comb fingers attached to the outer frame; and 7 e) a second set of comb fingers attached to the base, wherein the first and second sets of 8 comb fingers interdigitate in a substantially co-planar fashion at some rotation of the 9 outer frame relative to the base about the first axis. 10 The scanner of claim 1, further comprising means for applying a voltage Claim 2. (original) 1 between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the comb fingers may act as a 2 3 comb-drive actuator. The scanner of claim 2, further comprising means for applying a constant Claim 3. (original) 1 biasing force between the outer frame and the base. 2 The scanner of claim 2, further comprising means for sensing an angular Claim 4. (original) 1 2 position of the outer frame relative to the base. Claim 5 (original) The scanner of claim 4, wherein the means for sensing angular position are 1

chosen from the group consisting of gap-closing electrodes and piezoresistive sensors.

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- Claim 6. (original) The scanner of claim 4, wherein the means for sensing angular position comprises a capacitance sensor electrically coupled between the first and second sets of comb fingers, whereby the comb fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and a sensor.
- 1 Claim 7. (original) The scanner of claim 1, further comprising means for sensing an angular position of the outer frame relative to the base.
- Claim 8. (original) The scanner of claim 7, wherein the means for sensing angular position includes a capacitance sensor electrically coupled between the first and second sets of comb fingers.
- 1 Claim 9. (original) The scanner of claim 7, further comprising drive means for rotating the outer frame relative to the base.
- Claim 10. (original) The scanner of claim 9, wherein the drive means is chosen from the group consisting of gap-closing electrodes, magnetic drives, and piezo drives.
- 1 Claim 11. (original) The scanner of claim 1, further comprising:
 - e) a third set of comb fingers attached to the inner part; and
 - f) a fourth set of comb fingers attached to the outer frame, wherein the third and fourth sets of comb fingers interdigitate at some rotation of the inner part relative to the outer frame about the second axis.
 - Claim 12. (original) The scanner of claim 11, further comprising:
 - g) means for applying a voltage between the first and second sets of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a comb-drive actuator; and
 - h) means for applying a voltage between the third and fourth sets of comb fingers, whereby the third and fourth sets of comb fingers may act as a comb-drive actuator.
 - Claim 13. (original) The scanner of claim 12, further comprising:
 - g') means for measuring a capacitance between the first and second sets of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and a position sensor; and

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- h') means for measuring a capacitance between the third and fourth sets of comb fingers, whereby the third and fourth sets of comb fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and a position sensor.
- Claim 14. (original) The scanner of claim 12, further comprising:
 - g'') means for measuring a capacitance between the first and second sets of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a position sensor; and
 - h") means for measuring a capacitance between the third and fourth sets of comb fingers, whereby the third and fourth sets of comb fingers may act as a position sensor.
- 1 Claim 15. (original) The scanner of claim 14, further comprising drive means for rotating the inner part relative to the outer frame.
- 1 Claim 16. (original) The scanner of claim 15, wherein the drive means is chosen from the 2 group consisting of gap-closing electrodes, magnetic drives, and piezo drives.
- Claim 17. (original) The scanner of claim 14, further comprising drive means for rotating the outer frame relative to the base.
- Claim 18. (original) The scanner of claim 17, wherein the drive means is chosen from the group consisting of gap-closing electrodes, magnetic drives, and piezo drives.
- Claim 19. (original) The scanner of claim 1, wherein the outer frame is rotatably attached to the base by means selected from the group consisting of torsional flexures, cantilever-like flexures, serpentine flexures, and pin-and-staple type hinges.
 - Claim 20. (original) The scanner of claim 19, wherein the torsional flexures have cross-sections selected from the group consisting of rectangular cross-section, I-shaped cross-section, and T-shaped cross-section.
- Claim 21. (original) The scanner of claim 1, wherein the inner part is rotatably attached to the outer frame by means selected from the group consisting of torsional flexures, cantilever-like flexures, serpentine flexures, and pin-and-staple type hinges.

- Claim 22. (original) The scanner of claim 21, wherein the torsional flexures have cross-section 1 selected from the group consisting of rectangular cross-section, I-shaped cross-section, and 2 T-shaped cross-section. 3 Claim 23. (previously presented) A two-dimensional scanner comprising: 1
 - - a) a base;

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- b) an outer frame rotatably attached to the base for rotation about a first axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;
- c) an inner part rotatably attached to the outer frame for rotation about a second axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;
- d) a first set of comb fingers attached to the inner part; and
- e) a second set of comb fingers attached to the outer frame, wherein the first and second sets of comb fingers interdigitate in a substantially co-planar fashion at some rotation of the inner part relative to the outer frame about the second axis.
- Claim 24. (original) The scanner of claim 23, further comprising means for applying a voltage between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the comb fingers may act as a comb-drive actuator.
- Claim 25. (original) The scanner of claim 24, further comprising means for applying a constant biasing force between the inner part and the outer frame.
- Claim 26. (original) The scanner of claim 24, further comprising means for sensing an angular position of the inner part relative to the outer frame.
- Claim 27. (original) The scanner of claim 26, wherein the means for sensing angular position are chosen from the group consisting of gap-closing electrodes and piezoresistive sensors.
- Claim 28. (original) The scanner of claim 26, wherein the means for measuring angular position comprises a capacitance sensor electrically coupled between the first and second sets of comb fingers, whereby the comb fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and a sensor.

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- Claim 29. (original) The scanner of claim 23, further comprising means for sensing an angular position of the inner part relative to the outer frame.
 - Claim 30. (original) The scanner of claim 29, wherein the means for sensing angular position includes a capacitance sensor electrically coupled between the first and second sets of comb fingers.
- 1 Claim 31. (original) The scanner of claim 29, further comprising drive means for rotating the outer frame relative to the base.
- Claim 32. (original) The scanner of claim 31, wherein the drive means is chosen from the group consisting of gap-closing electrodes, magnetic drives, and piezo drives.
- Claim 33. (original) The scanner of claim 23, wherein the outer frame is rotatably attached to the base by means selected from the group consisting of torsional flexures, cantilever-like flexures, serpentine flexures, and pin-and-staple type hinges.
- Claim 34. (original) The scanner of claim 33, wherein the torsional flexures have crosssections selected from the group consisting of rectangular cross-section, I-shaped crosssection, and T-shaped cross-section.
 - Claim 35. (original) The scanner of claim 23, wherein the inner part is rotatably attached to the outer frame by means selected from the group consisting of torsional flexures, cantilever-like flexures, serpentine flexures, and pin-and-staple type hinges.
 - Claim 36. (original) The scanner of claim 35, wherein the torsional flexures have cross-section selected from the group consisting of rectangular cross-section, I-shaped cross-section, and T-shaped cross-section.
 - Claim 37. (currently amended) A fiber-optic switch comprising:
- a) an array of input optical fibers;

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- b) one or more arrays of mirrors for deflecting light from one or more input optical fibers, wherein one or more mirrors in the one or more arrays includes a two-dimensional scanner; and
 - an array of output optical fibers for coupling light emerging from the one or more arrays of mirrors;
 - wherein the two-dimensional scanner comprises:
 - i) a base;
 - ii) an outer frame rotatably attached to the base for rotation about a first axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;
 - iii) an inner part rotatably attached to the outer frame for rotation about a second axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;
 - iv) a first set of comb fingers attached to the outer frame; and
 - v) a second set of comb fingers attached to the base, wherein the first and second sets of comb fingers interdigitate in a substantially co-planar fashion at some rotation of the outer frame relative to the base about the first axis.
- Claim 38. (original) The switch of claim 37, wherein the one or more arrays of mirrors individually steer light from the input optical fibers to the output optical fibers.
- Claim 39. (original) The switch of claim 37, wherein the input optical fibers and output optical fibers are terminated with microlenses.
- 1 Claim 40. (original) The switch of claim 37, wherein the inner part includes a mirror.
- Claim 41. (original) The switch of claim 37, further comprising means for applying a voltage between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a comb-drive actuator.
 - Claim 42. (original) The switch of claim 37, further comprising means for sensing a capacitance between the first and second comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a position sensor for sensing an angular position of the outer frame relative to the base.

Attorney Docket No.: ONX-105 Reply to Final Office Action of Apr. 15, 2004 Amdt. Dated Jun. 8, 2004 Claim 43. (original) The switch of claim 42, further comprising means for applying a voltage 1 2 between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb 3 fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and an angular position sensor. 1 Claim 44 (original). The optical switch of claim 37, further comprising: e) a third set of comb fingers attached to the inner part; and 2 f) a fourth set of comb fingers attached to the outer frame, wherein the third and fourth sets 3 of comb fingers interdigitate at some rotation of the inner part relative to the outer frame 4 about the second axis. 5 Claim 45. (currently amended) An optical switch, comprising: 1 a) an array of input optical fibers; 2 b) one or more arrays of mirrors for deflecting light from one or more input optical fibers, 3 4 5

- wherein one or more mirrors in the one or more arrays includes a two-dimensional scanner; and
- c) an array of output optical fibers for coupling light emerging from the one or more arrays of mirrors;
- wherein the two-dimensional scanner comprises:
- i) a base;

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- ii) an outer frame rotatably attached to the base for rotation about a first axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;;
- iii) an inner part rotatably attached to the outer frame for rotation about a second axis substantially parallel to a plane containing the outer frame and/or the base;
- iv) a first set of comb fingers attached to the inner part; and
- v) a second set of comb fingers attached to outer frame, wherein the first and second sets of comb fingers interdigitate in a substantially co-planar fashion at some rotation of the inner part relative to the outer frame about the second axis.
- Claim 46. (original) The switch of claim 45, wherein the one or more arrays of mirrors individually steer light from the input optical fibers to the output optical fibers.

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- 1 Claim 47. (original) The switch of claim 45, wherein the input optical fibers and output optical fibers are terminated with microlenses.
- 1 Claim 48. (original) The switch of claim 45, wherein the inner part includes a mirror.
- Claim 49. (original) The switch of claim 45, further comprising means for applying a voltage between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a comb-drive actuator.
- Claim 50. (original) The switch of claim 45, further comprising means for sensing a capacitance between the first and second comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as a position sensor for sensing an angular position of the outer frame relative to the base.
- Claim 51. (original) The switch of claim 50, further comprising means for applying a voltage between the first and second set of comb fingers, whereby the first and second sets of comb fingers may act as both a comb-drive actuator and an angular position sensor.